

# **PURCHASE COLLEGE**

## **I. Effective Date and Changes to Procedure Based on Court Rulings and Legal Challenges or Changes in Law or Regulation**

This Grievance Procedure applies to incidents that occur on or after August 1, 2024. Any incidents reported under this Grievance Procedure that occurred on or before July 31, 2024 will be processed through the institution's Title IX Grievance Policy.

Should any portion of the 2024 Title IX Final Rule (89 Fed. Reg. 33474 (Apr. 29, 2024)), be stayed or held invalid by a court of law, or if the 2024 Title IX Final Rule is withdrawn or modified to not require elements of this Grievance Procedure, the Grievance Procedures in their entirety, or the invalidated elements of this Procedure, they will be deemed revoked as of the publication date of the opinion or order from the Court and for all reports after that date, as well as any elements of the process that occur after that date if a case is not complete by the date of the opinion or order publication by the Court. If this Procedure is revoked in this manner, any conduct covered under this Procedure shall be investigated and adjudicated under the previous 2020 Title IX Grievance Policy and/or The Student Code of Conduct. Purchase will update this Grievance Procedure as soon as practicable to reflect any court rulings or changes that invalidate parts of the Grievance Procedure, if applicable.

## **II. Scope of Procedure**

Sex-Based Harassment is considered discrimination on the basis of sex if it includes harassment due to actual or perceived sex stereotypes, sex characteristics, pregnancy or related conditions, sexual orientation, and/or gender identity.

## **III. Jurisdiction of Procedure**

Purchase's Title IX Coordinator will determine if this Grievance Procedure applies to a Complaint. This Grievance Procedure will apply when the following elements are met, in the reasonable determination of the Title IX Coordinator:

- The conduct alleged occurred on or after August 1, 2024;
- The conduct alleged occurred in the United States;
- The conduct alleged occurred in Purchase's Education Program or Activity; and
- The conduct alleged, if true, would constitute Sex-Based Harassment as defined in this Grievance Procedure.

**NOTE:** Purchase has an obligation to address a sex-based Hostile Environment under its Education Program or Activity, even when some conduct alleged to be contributing to the Hostile Environment occurred outside Purchase’s Education Program or Activity, or outside of the United States. Purchases Title IX Coordinator will work with all Complaints to assess such Complaints that may fall under these criteria, and direct to appropriate College Policies and Procedures that may apply if this Grievance Procedure does not. Purchase will communicate all such decisions in writing to the Complainant. Any such dismissals shall be subject to appropriate appeal rights under this Grievance Procedure as outlined in the Dismissals section.

Conduct that occurs under Purchase Education Program or Activity includes but is not limited to conduct that occurs in a building owned or controlled by a Student organization that is officially recognized by Purchase and conduct that is subject to Purchase’s disciplinary authority under [Purchases Code of Conduct](#).

#### **IV. Non-Discrimination in Application**

The requirements and protections of this Grievance Procedure apply equally regardless of sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, or other protected classes covered by applicable federal, state or local law. All requirements and protections are equitably provided to individuals regardless of such protected status(es) or status as a Complainant, Respondent, or Witness. Individuals who wish to file a Complaint about the institution’s policy or process may contact the U.S. Department of Education’s Office for Civil Rights using contact information available at <https://ocrcas.ed.gov/contact-ocr>.

#### **V. Definitions**

1. **Admission** means selection for part-time, full-time, special, associate, transfer, exchange, or any other enrollment, membership, or matriculation in or at an education program or activity operated by PURCHASE.
2. **Consent** means a knowing, voluntary, and mutual decision among all participants to engage in sexual activity. Consent can be given by words or actions, as long as those words or actions create clear permission regarding willingness to engage in the sexual activity. Silence or lack of resistance, in and of itself, does not demonstrate Consent. The definition of Consent does not vary based upon a participant’s sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression.
3. **Complainant** means:
  - (1) a Student or employee who is alleged to have been subjected to conduct that could constitute Sex-Based Harassment as defined in this Grievance Procedure and who was participating or attempting to participate in PURCHASE’s Education Program or Activity; or

(2) a person other than a Student or employee who is alleged to have been subjected to conduct that could constitute Sex-Based Harassment under this Grievance Procedure and who was participating or attempting to participate in Purchase's Education Program or Activity at the time of the alleged Sex-Based Harassment.

4. **Complaint** means an oral or written request to PURCHASE that objectively can be understood as a request for Purchase to investigate and make a determination about alleged Sex-Based Harassment at the institution.

5. **Confidential Employee** means:

(1) an employee of Purchase whose communications are privileged under Federal or State law. The employee's confidential status is only with respect to information received while the employee is functioning within the scope of their duties to which privilege or confidentiality applies;

(2) an employee of whom the institution has designated as confidential for the purpose of providing services to persons related to Sex-Based Harassment. If the employee also has a duty not associated with providing those services, the employee's confidential status is only with respect to information received about Sex-Based Harassment in connection with providing those services; or

(3) an employee of Purchase who is conducting an Institutional Review Board-approved human-subjects research study designed to gather information about Sex-Based Harassment. The employee's confidential status is only with respect to information received while conducting the study.

6. **Disciplinary Sanctions** means consequences imposed on a Respondent following a determination under this Grievance Procedure that the Respondent violated Purchase's prohibition Sex-Based Harassment.

7. **Education Program or Activity** means any academic, extracurricular, research, occupational training or other Education Program or Activity operated by Purchase that receives Federal financial assistance.

8. **Party** means Complainant or Respondent.

9. **Peer Retaliation** means Retaliation by a Student against another Student.

10. **Relevant** means related to the allegations of Sex-Based Harassment under investigation as part of this Grievance Procedure. Questions are Relevant when they seek evidence that may aid in showing whether the alleged Sex-Based Harassment occurred, and evidence is Relevant when it may aid a decisionmaker in determining whether the alleged Sex-Based Harassment occurred.

11. **Remedies** means measures provided, as appropriate, to a Complainant or any other person Purchase identifies as having had their equal access to Purchase's Education Program or Activity limited or denied by Sex-Based Harassment. These measures are provided to restore or preserve that person's access to Purchase's Education Program or Activity after Purchase determines that Sex-Based Harassment occurred.
12. **Respondent** means a person who is alleged to have violated Purchase's prohibition on Sex-Based Harassment.
13. **Retaliation** means intimidation, threats, coercion, or discrimination by any person, by Purchase a Student, or an employee or other person authorized by Purchase to provide aid, benefit, or service under Purchase's Education Program or Activity, for the purpose of interfering with any right or privileged secured by Title IX, or because the person has reported information, made a Complaint, testified, assisted or participated or refused to participate in any manner in an investigation, proceeding, or hearing under this Grievance Procedure, including an informal resolution process.
14. **Sex-Based Harassment** means sexual harassment and other harassment on the basis of sex, including harassment because of gender identity, sexual orientation, sex characteristics, sex stereotypes, and/or pregnancy and other conditions, that is:
  - (1) *Quid pro quo harassment*. An employee, agent or other person authorized by Purchase's Education Program or Activity explicitly or impliedly conditioning the provision of such an aid, benefit, or service on a person's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct;
  - (2) *Hostile Environment harassment*. Unwelcome sex-based conduct that, based on the totality of the circumstances, is subjectively and objectively offensive and is so severe or pervasive that it limits or denies a person's ability to participate in or benefit from Purchase's Education Program or Activity (i.e., creates a Hostile Environment). Whether a Hostile Environment has been created is a fact-specific inquiry that includes consideration of the following: (i) the degree to which the conduct affected the Complainant's ability to access Purchase's Education Program or Activity; (ii) the type, frequency, and duration of the conduct; (iii) the Parties' ages, roles within Purchase's Education Program or Activity, previous interactions and other factors about each Party that may be Relevant to evaluating the effects of the conduct; (iv) the location of the conduct and the context in which the conduct occurred; and (v) other Sex-Based Harassment in Purchase's Education Program or Activity;
  - (3) *Sexual Assault* (as defined in the Clery Act, 20 U.S.C. 1092(f)) means any sexual act directed against another person, without the Consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving Consent;

(4) *Dating Violence* (as defined in the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) Reauthorization of 2022 and the VAWA Amendments to the Clery Act) means any violence committed by a person: (A) who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and (B) Where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors: (i) The length of the relationship; (ii) the type of relationship; and (iii) the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

(5) *Domestic Violence* means any felony or misdemeanor crimes committed by a person who: (A) is a current or former partner of the victim under the family or Domestic Violence laws of New York, or a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim; (B) is cohabitating, or has cohabitated, with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner; (C) shared a child in common with the victim; or (D) commits acts against a youth or adult victim who is protected from those acts under the family or Domestic Violence laws of New York; or

(6) *Stalking* means engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to: (A) fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or (B) suffer substantial emotional distress.

15. ***Student*** means a person who has gained Admission.

16. ***Supportive Measures*** means individualized measures offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, without unreasonably burdening a Complainant or Respondent, not for punitive or disciplinary reasons, and without fee or charge to the Complainant or Respondent to: (1) restore or preserve that Party's access to Purchase's Education Program or Activity, including measures that are designed to protect the safety of the Parties or Purchase's educational environment; or (2) provide support during Purchase's Grievance Procedure for Sex-Based Harassment; or during the informal resolution process

## **VI. NOTE: Disability Accommodations**

### *Generally*

This Grievance Procedure does not alter any institutional obligations under applicable federal stand and or local disability laws, including the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, among others. Parties may request reasonable accommodations for disclosed disabilities to the Title IX Coordinator at any point before or during the Title IX Grievance Procedure that do not fundamentally alter the Procedure. The Title IX Coordinator will not affirmatively provide disability accommodations that have not been

specifically requested by the Parties, even where the Parties may be receiving accommodations in other institutional programs and activities.

#### *Requests for Reasonable Accommodations During the Title IX Grievance Procedure*

If the Complainant or Respondent discloses a disability, the Title IX Coordinator or designee may consult, as appropriate, with the Office of Disability Resources to provide support to Students with disabilities to determine how to comply with applicable law including, without limitation, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 in the implementation of any Supportive Measures, or any other reasonable accommodations requested

## **VII. Basic Requirements of the Grievance Procedure**

- Treat Complainants and Respondents equitably;
- Ensure that any person designated by Purchase as a Title IX Coordinator, investigator, or decisionmaker does not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against Complainants or Respondents generally or an individual Complainant or Respondent;
- Establish reasonably prompt timeframes for the major stages of this Grievance Procedure, including a process that allows for the reasonable extension of timeframes on a case-by-case basis for good cause with notice to the Parties that includes the reason for the delay;
- Ensure that reasonable steps to protect the privacy of the Parties and witnesses during the pendency of the Grievance Procedure are taken, provided that the steps do not restrict the abilities of the Parties to obtain and present evidence, including by speaking to witnesses (as long as such does not result in Retaliation), consult with their family members, confidential resources, or advisors, or otherwise prepare for or participate in this Grievance Procedure;
- Ensure an objective evaluation of all evidence that is Relevant and not otherwise impermissible under this procedure, including both inculpatory and exculpatory evidence, and provide that credibility determinations must not be based on a person's status as a Complainant, Respondent or Witness;
- Exclude impermissible evidence from consideration as defined in the Grievance Procedure; and
- Clearly articulate principles for how Purchase will determine which policies and procedures apply if not all such Complaints are handled under this institutional Grievance Procedure.

## **VIII. Reporting Sex-Based Harassment to the Institution**

### *Non-Confidential Reports*

Any person may report sex discrimination, including Sex-Based Harassment (whether or not the person reporting is the person alleged to be the victim of the conduct that may constitute sex discrimination or Sex-Based Harassment), in person, by mail, by telephone, or by electronic mail, using the contact information listed for the Title IX Coordinator, or by any other means that results in the Title IX Coordinator receiving the person's verbal or written report.

***Contact Information for the Title IX Coordinator at Purchase***

Name: Lisa Miles-Boyce

Title: Chief Diversity Officer/Title IX Coordinator

Office Address: Student Services Building

Email Address: [lisa.milesboyce@purchase.edu](mailto:lisa.milesboyce@purchase.edu)

Telephone Number: 914-251-5992

***Confidential Reports***

The following officials at Purchase will provide privacy, but not confidentiality, upon receiving a report of conduct prohibited by Title IX: Purchase College offices and employees who cannot guarantee confidentiality will maintain your privacy to the greatest extent possible. The information you provide to a nonconfidential resource will be relayed on a need-to-know basis as required by policy.

- Title IX Coordinator or designee(s);
- Officials with Authority to institute corrective measures under Title IX;
- All other employees at Purchase that are not designated as confidential resources

The following officials at Purchase may provide confidentiality:

Individuals who are confidential resources will not report crimes to law enforcement or college officials without your permission, except for extreme circumstances, such as a health and/or safety emergency. At Purchase College, the following are confidential resources for students:

Counseling and Behavioral Services, [cou.counseling.center@purchase.edu](mailto:cou.counseling.center@purchase.edu) or (914) 251-6390  
[Counseling and Behavioral Health Services webpage](#)

Health Services, [hse@purchase.edu](mailto:hse@purchase.edu) or (914) 251-6380  
[Health Services webpage](#)

Victims' Advocate: [catherine.vanbomel@purchase.edu](mailto:catherine.vanbomel@purchase.edu) or (914) 251-6390

Employees seeking a confidential resource can contact the [Employee Assistance Coordinator](#): (914) 251-6098 or [EAP@purchase.edu](mailto:EAP@purchase.edu).

Off-campus options to disclose sexual violence confidentially for students and employees include (note that these outside options do not provide any information to the campus):

Off-campus counselors and advocates. Crisis services offices will generally maintain confidentiality unless you request disclosure and sign a consent or waiver form. More information on an agency's policies on confidentiality may be obtained directly from the agency:

Victim Assistance Services of Westchester Community Opportunity Program  
2 Westchester Plaza  
Elmsford, NY 10523  
(914) 345-3113 Office  
(914) 345-3513 Fax  
855-VAS-CALL Hotline  
(914) 345-9111 Hotline  
Contact: Victoria Markouizos (manager), [vmarkouizos@westcop.org](mailto:vmarkouizos@westcop.org)

## **IX. Supportive and Interim Measures**

Complainants who report allegations of Sex-Based Harassment have the right to receive Supportive Measures from Purchase regardless of whether they file a Complaint. Supportive Measures are non-disciplinary and non-punitive. Supportive Measures may vary depending upon what is reasonably available at Purchase.

As appropriate, Supportive Measures may include without limitation:

- Counseling services
- Extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments
- Modifications of work or class schedules
- Campus escort services, as available
- Restrictions on contact applied to one or more Parties (no contact orders)
- Changes in class, work, housing, or extracurricular or any other activity, regardless of whether there is or is not a comparable alternative
- Leaves of absence
- Increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus
- Training and education programs related to Sex-Based Harassment

Supportive Measures must not unreasonably burden either Party and must be designed to protect the safety of the Parties or Purchase's educational environment, or to provide support during Purchase's Sex-Based Harassment grievance procedure under this policy: or during informal resolution under this procedure.



Purchase may modify or terminate Supportive Measures at the conclusion of the grievance procedure: or at the conclusion of the informal resolution process, or may continue them beyond that point within Purchase's discretion.

Purchase will not disclose information about any Supportive Measures to persons other than the person to whom they apply, including informing one Party of Supportive Measures provided to another Party, unless necessary to provide the supportive measure or restore or preserve a Party's access to Purchase's education program or activity, or there is an exception that applies, such as:

- Purchase has obtained prior written consent from a person with the legal right to consent to the disclosure;
- When the information is disclosed to an appropriate third Party with the legal right to receive disclosures on behalf of the person whose personally identifiable information is at issue;
- To carry out the purpose of the policy when it is necessary to address conduct that reasonably may constitute Sex-Based Harassment under Title IX in Purchase's education program or activity;
- As required by Federal law, federal regulations, or the terms and conditions of a federal award; or
- To the extent such disclosures are not otherwise in conflict with Title IX, when required by State or local law or when permitted under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) (20 U.S.C. 1232g, or its implementing regulations, 34 CFR Part 99).

#### *Process for Review of Supportive Measures*

Purchase provides for a Complainant or Respondent to seek modification or reversal of Purchase's decision to provide, deny, modify or terminate a Supportive Measure. Grounds for challenge of Supportive Measures include, but are not limited to:

- Whether a Supportive Measure is reasonably burdensome;
- Whether a Supportive Measure is reasonably available;
- Whether a Supportive Measure is being imposed for punitive or disciplinary reasons;
- Whether the Supportive Measure is being imposed without fee or charge; and
- Whether the Supportive Measure is effective in meeting the purposes for which it is intended, including to restore or preserve access to the Education Program or Activity, provide safety, or provide support during the Grievance Procedure.

Request for a modification or reversal of a supportive measure must be timely and should be submitted within 5 business days.

This review will be conducted by an impartial employee of Purchase who did not make the challenged decision on the original supportive measure request. The impartial employee of

Purchase who makes this determination will have the authority to modify or reverse the decision if that impartial employee determines that the decision to provide, deny, modify or terminate the supportive measure was inconsistent with the procedures as outlined above for providing Supportive Measures in accordance with the Title IX regulations.

Parties are only allowed to challenge their own individual Supportive Measures. Challenges by one Party will not be heard to Supportive Measures afforded to the opposite Party, unless that supportive measure directly impacts the Party making such challenge (i.e., two-way no contact orders).

### *Emergency Removal*

Purchase retains the authority to remove a Respondent from all or part of Purchase's education program or activity on an emergency basis, where Purchase (1) undertakes an individualized safety and risk analysis, and (2) determines that an imminent and serious threat to the health or safety of a Complainant or any Students, employees, or other persons arising from the allegations of Sex-Based Harassment justifies removal.

If Purchase College determines such removal is necessary, the respondent will be provided notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal.

Challenges to emergency removals are heard by the Office of the Vice President of Student Affairs. A decision regarding the removal must be made within five (5) businesses days of being disputed.

The decisionmaker who hears a challenge to an emergency removal must not be involved in any decision regarding responsibility or appeal of a determination.

Emergency removals will not be considered Relevant evidence that can be considered in reaching a determination of whether Sex-Based Harassment occurred.

### *Administrative Leave*

Purchase retains the authority to place a non-Student employee Respondent on administrative leave during the Title IX Grievance Procedures, consistent with relevant handbook/collective bargaining agreements.

When a Complainant or Respondent is both a Student and an employee of Purchase, Purchase must make a fact-specific inquiry to determine whether these procedures apply to that Student employee. Purchase will consider if the Complainant or Respondent's primary relationship with Purchase is to receive an education and whether the alleged Sex-Based Harassment occurred while the Party was performing employment-related work.

## **X. The Title IX Grievance Procedure for Allegations of Sex-Based Harassment**

### **A. Filing a Complaint**

*Who can make a Complaint?*

- A Complainant (as defined in Section V(3) of this policy); or
- The Title IX Coordinator.

*Note on Title IX Coordinator initiated Complaints:* In the absence of a Complaint or the withdrawal of any or all of the allegations in a Complaint, and in the absence or termination of an informal resolution process, the Title IX Coordinator must determine whether to initiate a Complaint of Sex-Based Harassment. This determination is fact-specific, and the Title IX Coordinator must consider:

- The Complainant's request not to proceed with the initiation of a Complaint;
- The Complainant's reasonable safety concerns regarding initiation of a Complaint;
- The risk that additional acts of Sex-Based Harassment would occur if a Complaint is not initiated;
- The severity of the alleged Sex-Based Harassment, including whether the Sex-Based Harassment, if established, would require the removal of a Respondent from campus or imposition of another disciplinary sanction to end the Sex-Based Harassment and prevent its recurrence;
- The age and relationship of the Parties, including whether the Respondent is an employee of the recipient;
- The scope of the alleged Sex-Based Harassment, including information suggesting a pattern, ongoing Sex-Based Harassment, or Sex-Based Harassment alleged to have impacted multiple individuals;
- The availability of evidence to assist a decisionmaker in determining whether Sex-Based Harassment occurred; and
- Whether Purchase could end the alleged Sex-Based Harassment and prevent its recurrence without initiating these grievance procedures.

If after considering these and other Relevant factors, the Title IX Coordinator determines that the conduct as alleged presents an imminent and serious threat to the health or safety of the Complainant or other person, or that the conduct as alleged prevents Purchase from ensuring equal access on the basis of sex to its education program or activity, the Title IX Coordinator may initiate a Complaint.

If the Title IX Coordinator does initiate the Complaint after making this determination, the Title IX Coordinator must notify the Complainant prior to doing so and appropriately address

reasonable concerns about the Complainant's safety or the safety of others, including by providing Supportive Measures as listed in Section VI of these procedures.

*Is there a particular format that the Complaint needs to be in?*

As defined in IV(4) of these procedures, a Complaint can be an oral or written request to Purchase that objectively can be understood as a request for Purchase to investigate and make a determination about alleged Sex-Based Harassment at the institution.

*Who can I report a Complaint to?*

Any reports of Sex-Based Harassment may be made directly to the Title IX Coordinator, whose contact information is listed at the beginning of this Grievance Procedure. There are other ways in which a Party may report a Complaint.

Purchase requires that any employee who is not a Confidential Employee and who either has authority to institute corrective measures on behalf of Purchase or has responsibility for administrative leadership, teaching, or advising in Purchase's education program or activity must notify the Title IX Coordinator when the employee has information about conduct that reasonably may constitute sex discrimination, including Sex-Based Harassment.

All other employees at Purchase who are not Confidential Employees and are not employees as identified above are required to notify the Title IX Coordinator when the employee has information about conduct that reasonably may constitute sex-discrimination, including Sex-Based Harassment

**Note:** If an employee has personally been subject to conduct that reasonably may constitute sex discrimination under Title IX or any institutional policy or this Grievance Procedure, these requirements do not apply to an employee reporting a personal Complaint.

*What is the timeframe for Purchase to evaluate if the Title IX Coordinator is initiating an investigation under this Grievance Procedure?*

The Title IX Coordinator must evaluate whether the Complaint falls under this Grievance Procedure 10 business days after the Complaint is made, and must issue the Notice of Allegations as soon as practicable after the Complaint is evaluated. If there are any delays or extensions, the Title IX Coordinator must appropriately notice the Parties in writing, on a case-by-case basis, with good cause and the rationale for the extension or delay.

*Can I make a Complaint and request initiation of the Grievance Procedure even if I have made a complaint to law enforcement?*

Yes. Purchase has an obligation to appropriately evaluate all Complaints, regardless of whether there is a concurrent Complaint before law enforcement. This process is an administrative process that is different from the criminal justice process.

## **B. Multi-Party Situations and Consolidation of Complaints**

Purchase may consolidate Complaints alleging Sex-Based Harassment against more than one Respondent, or by more than one Complainant against one or more Respondents, or by one Party against the other Party, where the allegations of Sex-Based Harassment arise out of the same facts or circumstances.

Purchase can consider factors when making this fact-specific determination, which include, but are not limited to:

- The facts and circumstances of the particular Complaints when deciding whether to consolidate, including the toll of separate proceedings on the Parties; and
- Any risks to the fairness of the investigation or outcome.

## **C. Dismissal of a Complaint**

### *Grounds for Dismissal*

Purchase may dismiss a Complaint of Sex-Based Harassment for any of the following reasons:

- Purchase is unable to identify the Respondent after taking reasonable steps to do so;
- The Respondent is not participating in Purchase's education program or activity and is not employed by Purchase;
- The Complainant voluntarily withdraws any or all of the allegations in the Complaint, the Title IX Coordinator declines to initiate a Complaint through this Grievance Procedure, and Purchase determines that, without the Complainant's withdrawn allegations, the conduct that remains alleged in the Complaint, if any, would not constitute Sex-Based Harassment under Title IX or this Grievance Procedure even if proven; or
- Purchase determines, after reasonable efforts to clarify the allegations, that the conduct alleged in the Complaint, even if proven, would not constitute Sex-Based Harassment under Title IX or these procedures.

### *Notice of Dismissal*

If Purchase dismisses a Complaint, Purchase is required to promptly notify the Complainant of the basis for dismissal.

If the dismissal of the Complaint occurs before a Notice of Allegations is issued to the Respondent, the Title IX Coordinator does not need to notice the Respondent at that time. However, if the Complainant appeals the dismissal, the Respondent will need to be noticed of the

Complaint allegations and given an opportunity to respond to the dismissal. If the dismissal occurs after the Respondent has been notified of the allegations, then Purchase must notify the Respondent and Complainant of the dismissal and the basis for the dismissal simultaneously in writing.

Appeal rights must also be outlined in any notification of dismissal of a Complaint, as included below under *Appeal of Dismissals*.

### *Appeals of Dismissals*

Purchase must notify the Complainant that a dismissal may be appealed and provide the Complainant with an opportunity appeal the dismissal of a Complaint on the following grounds:

- ***Procedural irregularity***: procedural irregularity that affected the outcome of the matter (i.e., a failure to follow Purchase's own policy to a degree that had material effect on the outcome of the matter);
- ***New evidence***: New evidence that would change the outcome and that was not reasonably available when the determination whether Sex-Based Harassment occurred or dismissal of the Complaint was made; and
- ***Bias or Conflict of Interest***: The Title IX Coordinator, investigator(s), or decisionmaker(s) had a conflict of interest or bias for or against Complainants or Respondents generally or the individual Complainant or Respondent that would change the outcome of the matter.

If the dismissal occurs after the Respondent has been notified of the allegations, then Purchase must also notify the Respondent that the dismissal may be appealed on the grounds set out above.

The submission of appeal stays (or pauses) any sanctions for the pendency of an appeal.

Supportive Measures and remote learning opportunities remain available during the pendency of the appeal.

If a Party appeals, the institution will as soon as practicable notify the other Party in writing of the appeal, however the time for appeal shall be offered equitably to all Parties and shall not be extended for any Party solely because the other Party filed an appeal.

Appeals may be no longer than 3 pages (including attachments). Appeals should be submitted in electronic form using ARIAL or TIMES NEW ROMAN, 12-point font, and single-spaced. Appeals should use footnotes, not endnotes. Appeals that do not meet these standards may be returned to the Party for correction, but the time for appeal will not be extended unless there is evidence that technical malfunction caused the appeal document not to meet these standards.

Appeals will be decided by Appeal Decisions Hearing Panel who will be free of conflict of interest and bias, and will not serve as investigator, Title IX Coordinator, or hearing decisionmaker in the same matter. Outcome of appeal will be provided in writing simultaneously to both Parties, and include rationale for the decision.

## **D. Allegations Potentially Falling Under Two Policies**

If the alleged conduct, if true, includes conduct that would constitute covered sexual harassment and conduct that would not constitute covered sexual harassment, the Title IX Grievance Process will be applied in the investigation and adjudication of all of the allegations.

### **Notice of Allegations**

Upon initiating Purchase's Grievance Procedure, the Title IX Coordinator shall provide a Notice of Allegations in writing to the Parties whose identities are known. Such notice will occur as soon as practicable after Purchase receives a Complaint, if there are no extenuating circumstances. Purchase will provide the Notice of Allegations within 10 business days after receiving a Complaint.

*What does the Notice of Allegations Include?*

The written Notice of Allegations must include:

- Purchase's Grievance Procedure and Purchase's informal resolution process;
- Sufficient information available at the time of the issuance of the Notice of Allegations to allow the Parties to respond to the allegations, which includes the identities of the Parties involved in the incident(s), the conduct alleged to constitute Sex-Based Harassment under the Grievance Procedure, and the date(s) and location(s) of the alleged incident(s), to the extent that information is available to Purchase;
- A statement that the Parties are entitled to an equal opportunity to access the Relevant and not otherwise impermissible evidence;
- A statement that the Respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged Sex-Based Harassment until a determination is made at the conclusion of Purchase's Grievance Procedure and that prior to the determination, the Parties will have an opportunity to present Relevant and not otherwise impermissible evidence to a trained, impartial decisionmaker;
- Parties may have an advisor of their choice, and that the advisor may be, but is not required to be, an attorney;
- If, in the course of an investigation, Purchase decides to investigate additional allegations of Sex-Based Harassment by the Respondent toward the Complainant that are not included in the original written Notice of Allegations provided, Purchase is required to provide written notice of any additional allegations to the Parties whose identities are known.

*What if Purchase decides to investigate additional allegations of Sex-Based Harassment?*

If, in the course of an investigation, Purchase decides to investigate additional allegations of Sex-Based Harassment by the Respondent toward the Complainant that are not included in the original issued written Notice of Allegations, or that are included in a Complaint that is consolidated under this Grievance Procedure, Purchase shall provide notice of the additional allegations to the Parties whose identities are known.

*What if I have safety concerns about a Notice of Allegations being issued to a Respondent?*

To the extent that Purchase has reasonable concerns for the safety of any person as a result of providing a written Notice of Allegations, Purchase through the Title IX Coordinator, may reasonably delay providing the written Notice of Allegations in order to address the safety concern appropriately. Reasonable concerns must be based on individualized safety and risk analysis and not on mere speculation or stereotypes.

## **E. Advisor of Choice and Participation of Advisor of Choice**

A Party's advisor of choice may accompany the Party to any meeting or proceeding, and Purchase cannot limit the choice of who that advisor may be or their presence for the Parties in any meeting or proceeding unless such advisor does not follow Purchase's established rules of decorum and rules around participation.

## **F. Investigation**

### *General Rules of Investigations*

The Title IX Coordinator and/or an investigator designated by the Title IX Coordinator will perform an investigation of the conduct alleged to constitute Sex-Based Harassment in a reasonably prompt timeframe, after issuing the Notice of Allegations.

Purchase and not the Parties, have the burden to conduct an investigation that gathers sufficient evidence to determine whether Sex-Based Harassment occurred under this Grievance Procedure. This burden does not rest with either Party, and either Party may decide not to share their account of what occurred, or may decide not to participate in the investigation or hearing. This does not shift the burden of proof away from Purchase and does not indicate responsibility.

Purchase cannot access, consider, or disclose medical records without a waiver from the Party (or parent, if applicable) to whom the records belong, or of whom the records include information. Purchase will provide an equal opportunity for the Parties to present witnesses, including fact and expert witnesses, and other inculpatory or exculpatory evidence, as described below.



### *Notice of participation*

Purchase will provide written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of all meetings or proceedings with sufficient time for the Party to prepare to participate, if a Party is invited or expected to participate in any such meeting or proceeding.

### *Advisors of Choice and Participation of Advisors of Choice*

Purchase will provide the Parties with the same opportunities to be accompanied to any meeting or proceeding by the advisor of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney, and not limit the choice or presence of the advisor for the Complainant or Respondent in any meeting or proceeding. Advisors may not:

- speak or act on behalf of a Complainant or Respondent, including answering questions for or on behalf of a Complainant or Respondent;
- stand in for, or represent a Complainant or Respondent;
- disseminate by any medium or form any information shared or learned throughout the investigation process with anyone other than the Complainant or Respondent for whom they serve as an advisor, the investigator, or the Title IX Officer;
- act as or represent themselves or another as an investigator for the Title IX process during the investigation process;
- contact a witness or other party participating in the investigation process; or,
- impede the investigation process or act in a manner that obstructs the investigator or disrupts the investigation process.

### *Access to and Review of the Investigative Report*

The Title IX Coordinator and/or investigator designated by the Title IX Coordinator will provide each Party and their advisors of choice with an equal opportunity to access and review an accurate description of the Relevant evidence collected throughout the investigation that is not otherwise impermissible in the form of an investigative report.

The Parties and their advisors of choice will also have an equal opportunity to access and review the underlying Relevant and not otherwise impermissible evidence summarized in the investigative report upon the request of any Party.

The Title IX Coordinator and/or investigator designated by the Title IX Coordinator will provide each Party and their advisors of choice with a reasonable opportunity to respond to the investigative report. Both Parties will have the opportunity to respond to the investigative report prior to the live hearing.

Purchase will take reasonable steps to prevent and address the Parties' and their advisors of choice's unauthorized disclosure of information and evidence obtained solely through this Grievance Procedure. Participating individuals who engage in the unauthorized disclosure of information and evidence obtained solely through this Grievance Procedure may be subject to Purchase's Student Code of Conduct and other College policies and/or procedures that may apply.

**Note:** Disclosures of information and evidence for purposes of administrative proceedings or litigation related to the Complaint of Sex-Based Harassment are authorized and not considered unauthorized disclosures potentially subject to other disciplinary action.

#### *Review and Access to Relevant and Not Otherwise Impermissible Evidence*

Each Party will have an equal opportunity to present fact witnesses and other inculpatory and exculpatory evidence that are Relevant and not otherwise impermissible, to the Title IX Coordinator and/or an investigator designated by the Title IX Coordinator. The Title IX Coordinator and/or investigator designated by the Title IX Coordinator will review all evidence gathered through the investigation and determine what evidence is Relevant and what evidence is impermissible regardless of relevance, consistent with this Grievance Procedure.

Each Party and their advisors of choice will have an equal opportunity to review and access the evidence that is Relevant to the allegations of Sex-Based Harassment and not otherwise impermissible regardless of relevance prior to the conclusion of the investigation. The Title IX Coordinator and/or investigator designated by the Title IX Coordinator will provide each Party with a reasonable opportunity to respond to the evidence. Both Parties will have the opportunity to respond to the evidence prior to the live hearing.

Purchase will take reasonable steps to prevent and address the Parties' unauthorized disclosure of information and evidence obtained solely through this Grievance Procedure. Participating individuals who engage in the unauthorized disclosure of information and evidence obtained solely through this Grievance Procedure may be subject to Purchase Student Code of Conduct and other College policies and/or procedures that may apply.

**Note:** Disclosures of information and evidence for purposes of administrative proceedings or litigation related to the Complaint of Sex-Based Harassment are authorized and not considered unauthorized disclosures potentially subject to other disciplinary action.

#### *Relevant Evidence*

Evidence is Relevant when it is related to the allegations of Sex-Based Harassment under investigation as part of this Grievance Procedure.

Questions are Relevant when they seek evidence that may aid in showing whether the alleged Sex-Based Harassment occurred, and evidence is Relevant when it may aid a decisionmaker in determining whether the alleged Sex-Based Harassment occurred.

### *Impermissible Evidence*

The following types of evidence, and questions seeking that evidence, are excluded as impermissible (i.e., must not be accessed or considered, except by Purchase to determine whether an exception applies, must not be disclosed, and must not otherwise be used) regardless of whether they are Relevant:

- Evidence that is protected under a privilege as recognized by Federal or State law or evidence provided to a Confidential Employee, unless the person to whom the privilege or confidentiality is owed has voluntarily waived the privilege or confidentiality;
- A Party's or witness's records that are made or maintained by a physician, psychologist, or other recognized professional or paraprofessional in connection with the provision of treatment to the Party or witness, unless Purchase obtains that Party's or witness's voluntary, written Consent for use in Purchase's Grievance Procedure; and
- Evidence that relates to the Complainant's sexual interests or prior sexual conduct, unless evidence about the Complainant's prior sexual conduct is offered to prove that someone other than the Respondent committed the alleged conduct or is evidence about specific incidents of the Complainant's prior sexual conduct with the Respondent that is offered to prove Consent to the alleged Sex-Based Harassment. Note: the fact of prior consensual sexual conduct between the Complainant and Respondent does not by itself demonstrate or imply the Complainant's Consent to the alleged Sex-Based Harassment or preclude determination that Sex-Based Harassment occurred.

### *Timeframes*

An investigation shall take 90 business days to complete. If there are any delays or extensions, the Title IX Coordinator must appropriately notice the Parties in writing, as detailed below.

### *Extensions and Delays*

Purchase allows for the reasonable extension of timeframes on a case-by-case basis for good cause with written notice to the Parties that includes the reason for the extension or delay.

## **A. Live Hearing**

### *General Rules for Live Hearings*

Purchase will not issue a finding or Disciplinary Sanction arising from an allegation of Sex-Based Harassment without holding a live hearing unless otherwise resolved through an informal resolution process as outlined in this Grievance Procedure.

The live hearing may be conducted with the Parties physically present in the same geographic location. Purchase has the discretion to conduct the live hearing with the Parties physically present in separate locations, with technology enabling the decisionmaker and Parties to simultaneously see and hear the Party or the witness while that person is speaking. A Party may also request this option prior to the hearing.

Purchase shall create an audio or audiovisual recording or transcript of any live hearing and make it available to the Parties for inspection and review.

#### *Participants in the Live Hearing*

Live hearings are not public, and the only individuals permitted to participate in the hearing are as follows:

##### *Complainant and Respondent (The Parties)*

If a Party chooses not to participate in the process or the hearing, the live hearing may still proceed in the absence of a Party, and Purchase may reach a determination of responsibility in their absence, including through any evidence gathered and other witness statements. Purchase will not threaten, coerce, intimidate or discriminate against any Party in an attempt to secure the Party's participation. The decisionmaker cannot draw an inference about the determination regarding responsibility based solely on a Party's absence from the live hearing, or a refusal to answer questions.

##### *The Decisionmaker*

The hearing body will consist of a panel of three decisionmakers. No member of the hearing body will have served as the Title IX Coordinator, Title IX investigator, or advisor to any Party in the case, nor may any member of the hearing body serve on the appeals body in the case. No member of the hearing body will have a conflict of interest or bias in favor of or against Complainants or Respondents generally, or in favor of or against the Parties to the particular case. The hearing body will be trained prior to serving during any hearing. The Parties will have an opportunity to raise any objections regarding a decisionmaker's actual or perceived conflicts of interest or bias at the commencement of the live hearing.

##### *Advisor of Choice*

The Parties have the right to select an advisor of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney. The advisor of choice may accompany the Parties to any meeting or hearing they are permitted to attend, but may not speak for the Party. An advisor of choice is not prohibited from being a witness in the hearing. Advisors of choice are subject to Purchase's rules of decorum, and may be removed upon violation of those rules.

### Witnesses

Witnesses cannot be compelled to participate in the live hearing and have the right not to participate in the hearing free from Retaliation.

### *Hearing Procedures*

For all live hearings conducted, the administrative hearing officer will open and establish rules and expectations for the hearing. The Parties will each be given an opportunity to provide opening statements. Questioning of the Parties and witnesses will occur according to the procedures below.

### *Questioning Parties and Witnesses*

During a live hearing, each Party is allowed to ask Relevant and not otherwise impermissible questions and follow-up questions of the Parties and witnesses through the hearing board. No questioning of another Party or witness will be conducted by a Party personally.

### *Procedures for Decisionmaker's Evaluation of Questions and Limitation on Questions*

The panel of three decisionmakers will determine whether a proposed question is Relevant and not otherwise impermissible as described in this Grievance Procedure, prior to the question being posed, and will explain any decision to exclude a question as not Relevant or otherwise impermissible.

If a panel of three decisionmakers determines that a Party's question is Relevant and not otherwise impermissible, then the question must be asked unless such question is unclear or harassing of the Party or witness being questioned. The panel of three decisionmakers must give a Party an opportunity to clarify or revise a question that a panel of three decisionmakers has determined is unclear or harassing and, if the Party sufficiently clarifies or revises a question so that it is no longer unclear or harassing, the question must be asked.

### *Refusal to Respond to Questions and Inferences Based on Refusal to Respond to Questions*

A panel of three decisionmakers may choose to place less or no weight upon statements by a Party or witness who refuses to respond to questions deemed Relevant and not impermissible.

The panel of three decisionmakers must not draw an inference about whether Sex-Based Harassment occurred based solely on a Party's or witness's refusal to respond to such questions.

#### *Continuances or Granting Extensions*

Purchase may determine that multiple sessions or a continuance (a pause on the continuation of the hearing until a later date or time) is needed to complete a hearing. If so, Purchase will notify all participants and endeavor to accommodate all participants' schedules and complete the hearing as promptly as practicable.

#### *Newly-discovered Evidence*

As a general rule, no new evidence or witnesses may be submitted during the live hearing.

If a Party identifies new evidence or witnesses that were not reasonably available prior to the live hearing and could affect the outcome of the matter, the Party may request that such evidence or witnesses be considered at the live hearing.

The hearing panel will consider this request and make a determination regarding (1) whether such evidence or witness testimony was actually unavailable by reasonable effort prior to the hearing, and (2) whether such evidence or witness testimony could affect the outcome of the matter. The Party offering the newly-discovered evidence or witness has the burden of establishing these questions by the preponderance of the evidence.

If the hearing panel answers in the affirmative to both questions, then the Parties will be granted a reasonable pause in the hearing to review the evidence or prepare for questioning of the witness.

## **G. Determination Regarding Responsibility**

#### *Standard of Proof*

Purchase uses the preponderance of the evidence standard of proof to determine whether or not Sex-Based Harassment occurred. This means that the investigation and hearing determine whether it is more likely than not that a violation of the Grievance Procedure occurred.

#### *General Considerations for Evaluating Evidence and Testimony*

The decisionmaker is required to evaluate Relevant and not otherwise impermissible evidence for its persuasiveness. If the decisionmaker is not persuaded under the applicable standard by the

evidence that Sex-Based Harassment occurred, whatever the quantity of the evidence is, the decisionmaker must not determine that Sex-Based Harassment occurred.

Determinations regarding responsibility may be based in part, or entirely, on documentary, audiovisual, and digital evidence, as warranted in the reasoned judgment of the decisionmaker. Decisionmakers shall not draw inferences regarding a Party or witness' credibility based on the Party or witness' status as a Complainant, Respondent, or witness, nor shall it base its judgments in stereotypes about how a Party or witness would or should act under the circumstances.

Generally, credibility judgments should rest on the demeanor of the Party or witness, the plausibility of their testimony, the consistency of their testimony, and its reliability in light of corroborating or conflicting testimony or evidence. However, credibility judgments should not rest on whether a Party or witness' testimony is non-linear or incomplete, or if the Party or witness is displaying stress or anxiety.

Decision makers will afford the highest weight relative to other testimony to first-hand testimony by Parties and witnesses regarding their own memory of specific facts that occurred. Both inculpatory and exculpatory (i.e. tending to prove and disprove the allegations) evidence will be weighed in equal fashion.

A witness' testimony regarding third-Party knowledge of the facts at issue will be allowed, but will generally be accorded lower weight than testimony regarding direct knowledge of specific facts that occurred.

#### *Communication of the Determination in Writing*

All determinations on whether Sex-Based Harassment occurred will be communicated to the Parties in writing, simultaneously.

The written determination will include:

- A description of the alleged Sex-Based Harassment;
- Information about the policies and procedures that Purchase used to evaluate the allegations;
- The decisionmaker's evaluation of the Relevant evidence and determination on whether Sex-Based Harassment occurred;
- Any Disciplinary Sanctions Purchase will impose on the Respondent, whether Remedies other than the imposition of Disciplinary Sanctions will be provided by Purchase to the Complainant, and, to the extent appropriate, other Students identified by Purchase to be experiencing the effects of Sex-Based Harassment, if there is a finding that Sex-Based Harassment occurred; and
- Purchase's procedures for Complainant and Respondent to appeal.

#### *Timeline of Determination Regarding Responsibility*

If there are no extenuating circumstances, the determination regarding responsibility will be issued by Purchase within 10 business days of the completion of the hearing.

### *Finality of Determination*

The determination regarding responsibility becomes final either on the date that Purchase provides the Parties with the written determination of the result of any appeal, or, if no Party appeals, the date on which an appeal would no longer be considered timely.

## **H. Appeals**

Each Party may appeal a determination regarding responsibility. To appeal, a Party must submit their written appeal within 5 business days of being notified of the decision, indicating the grounds for appeal.

For appeals resulting from dismissal of a Complaint, please see the section on *Dismissal of Complaints*.

### *Grounds for Appeal*

The limited grounds for appeal available are as follows:

- Procedural irregularity that would change the outcome;
- New evidence that would change the outcome and that was not reasonably available when the determination whether Sex-Based Harassment occurred or dismissal was made; and
- The Title IX Coordinator, investigator, or decisionmaker had a conflict of interest or bias for or against Complainants or Respondents generally or the individual Complainant or Respondent that would change the outcome.

### *Additional Procedures for Appeal Process*

Purchase will notify the Parties of any appeal, provide the Parties a reasonable and equal opportunity to make a statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome, and will notify the Parties of the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result.

The submission of an appeal stays (or pauses) any sanctions for the period during which an appeal determination is being assessed. Supportive Measures and remote learning opportunities remain available while an appeal is being deliberated and before a final decision has been made.

Appeals may be no longer than three (3) pages (including attachments). Appeals should be submitted in electronic form using ARIAL or TIMES NEW ROMAN, 12-point font, and single-spaced. Appeals should use footnotes, not endnotes. Appeals that do not meet these standards



may be returned to the Party for correction, but the time for appeal will not be extended unless there is evidence that technical malfunction caused the appeal document not to meet these standards.

Appeals will be decided by Appeal's Panel, who will be free of conflict of interest and bias, and will not serve as investigator, Title IX Coordinator, or hearing decisionmaker in the same matter.

## **I. INFORMAL RESOLUTION**

### *Procedures for Entering and Exiting Informal Resolution Process*

At any time prior to determining whether Sex-Based Harassment occurred under this Grievance Procedure, including prior to making a Complaint, Parties may instead Purchase's assistance to resolve allegations of Sex-Based Harassment, and may elect to enter the informal resolution process.

The Parties may voluntarily elect to enter the Purchase's informal resolution process at any time through an informed written Consent. This informed written Consent will include all terms of the elected informal process, including a statement that any agreement reached through the process is binding on the Parties.

No Party may be required to participate in informal resolution, and Purchase may never condition enrollment, employment, or enjoyment of any other right or privilege upon agreeing to informal resolution.

The Parties may elect to leave the informal resolution process at any point until the informal resolution process is concluded. If a Party elects to leave the informal resolution process, the Grievance Procedure that the Parties paused will continue. In participating in the informal resolution process, the Parties understand that the timeframes governing the Grievance Procedure will temporarily cease, and only reinstate upon reentry into the Grievance Procedure.

Supportive Measures will be available, or continue to be available if already provided, during an informal resolution process, if elected to proceed. The Title IX Coordinator will also, to the extent necessary, take other appropriate prompt and effective steps to ensure that Sex-Based Harassment does not continue or recur within Purchase's Education Program or Activity.

### *Notice Prior to Entry into Informal Resolution Process*

Before the initiation of an informal resolution process, the Title IX Coordinator must provide to the Parties a written notice that explains:

- The allegations;
- The requirements of the informal resolution process;

- That, prior to agreeing to a resolution, any Party has the right to withdraw from the informal resolution process and to initiate or resume Purchase’s Grievance Procedure;
- That the Parties’ agreement to a resolution at the conclusion of the informal resolution process would preclude the Parties from initiating or resuming Purchase’s Grievance Procedure arising from the same allegations;
- The potential terms that may be requested or offered in an informal resolution agreement, including notice that an informal resolution agreement is binding only on the Parties; and
- What information Purchase will maintain and whether and how Purchase could disclose such information for use in its Grievance Procedure if they are initiated or resumed.

*Determination to Approve Entry into Informal Resolution Process*

Even where the Parties agree to submit a matter to informal resolution, the Title IX Coordinator or other designated official must<sup>1</sup> approve the decision to move the matter to the informal resolution process and may determine that informal resolution is not appropriate under the circumstances.

Factors that the Title IX Coordinator or other designated official may weigh in considering the appropriateness of the informal resolution process include, but are not limited to, the gravity of the allegations, whether there is an ongoing threat of harm or safety to the campus, whether the Respondent is a repeat offender, whether the alleged conduct would present a future risk of harm to others, and whether the Parties are participating in good faith. This determination is not subject to appeal.

Informal resolution processes may never be applied where the allegations include Sexual Assault: Penetration or the equivalent.

At any time after the commencement of the informal resolution process, the Title IX Coordinator or other designated official may determine that the informal resolution process is not an appropriate method for resolving the matter, and may require that the matter be resolved through the Grievance Procedures. This determination is not subject to appeal.

If informal resolution is approved or denied, Purchase will provide the outcome in writing simultaneously to the Parties. If informal resolution is approved, the Title IX Coordinator shall also provide the information of the facilitator in writing to the Parties in a reasonable timeframe once the facilitator is assigned.

*Role of the Facilitator*

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<sup>1</sup> Informal resolution processes commonly require the Title IX Coordinator or other designated official to approve the Parties’ mutual and voluntary decision to handle the complaint through an informal process, but such an approval process is not required under the Title IX Final Rules.

Informal resolution processes are managed by trained facilitators. All facilitators must not be the same person as the investigator or the/a decisionmaker(s) in Purchase's Grievance Procedure. Any person designated to facilitate informal resolution must not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against Complainants or Respondents generally or an individual Complainant or Respondent. The Title IX Coordinator may serve as the facilitator, subject to these restrictions. All facilitators must have specialized training, required by law and regulation. Such training includes:

- Purchase's obligation to address sex discrimination, including Sex-Based Harassment, in its Education Program or Activity;
- The scope of conduct that constitutes sex discrimination, including Sex-Based Harassment, under Title IX, including the definition of Sex-Based Harassment;
- All applicable notification and information requirements related to parental, family, or marital status, including pregnancy and related conditions, and Purchase's response to sex discrimination;
- The rules and practices associated with Purchase's informal resolution process; and
- How to serve impartially, including by avoiding conflicts of interest and bias.

#### *Contents of Informal Resolution Agreements*

Potential terms that may be included in an informal resolution agreement between the Parties include but are not limited to:

- Restrictions on contact; and
- Restrictions on the Respondent's participation in one or more of Purchase's education programs or activities or attendance at specific events, including restrictions Purchase could have imposed as Remedies or Disciplinary Sanctions had Purchase determined at the conclusion of the Grievance Procedure that Sex-Based Harassment occurred.

#### *Breach of Informal Resolution Agreements*

If a Party breaches the resolution or if Purchase has other compelling reasons, such as if it learns of any fraud by a Party in entering into the agreement, Purchase may void the agreement and initiate or resume the Grievance Procedure.

#### *Confidentiality*

In entering the informal resolution process, the Parties agree that any testimony and evidence (including admissions of responsibility) they share or receive during the informal resolution process concerning the allegations of the Complaint are confidential while the Parties participate in the informal resolution process. No evidence concerning the allegations obtained within the informal resolution process may be disseminated to any person, provided that any Party to the informal resolution process may generally discuss the allegations under investigation with a parent, friend, advisor, or other source of emotional support, or with an advocacy organization. Should the Parties withdraw from the informal resolution process, information disclosed or

obtained for purposes of the informal resolution process may be incorporated into the Grievance Procedure, provided that this information is disclosed and reviewed by the Parties under Purchase's Grievance Procedure.

### *Informal Resolution Options*

Purchase offers the following informal resolution procedures for addressing Complaints of Sex-Based Harassment described under this Grievance Procedure

#### Mediation

The purpose of mediation is for the Parties who are in conflict to identify the implications of a Student's actions and, with the assistance of a trained facilitator, identify points of agreement and appropriate Remedies to address them. Either Party can request mediation to seek resolution; mediation will be used only with the Consent of both Parties, who will be asked not to contact one another during the process. The Title IX Office will also review any request for mediation, and may decline to mediate based on the facts and circumstances of the particular case. Either Party has the right to terminate the mediation process and choose or resume another option for resolution at any time.

The mediation process will typically commence within 10 days after the Title IX Office receives Consent to mediate from both Parties, and has made its determination to allow informal resolution to go forward. Mediation will continue until concluded or terminated by either Party, the facilitator, or the Title IX Office. During mediation, any potential investigation will halt, and calculations for time frames will be stayed. If the mediation results in a resolution, the disciplinary process will be concluded, and the matter will be closed. If a resolution cannot be reached, the matter will be referred to the Student Conduct Officer to re-evaluate other options for resolution, including investigation or proceeding forward with the Grievance Procedure.

During mediation, a facilitator will guide a discussion between the Parties. In circumstances where the Parties do not wish to meet face to face, either Party can request "caucus" mediation, and the facilitator will conduct separate meetings. Whether or not the Parties agree to meet face to face, each Party will be permitted to bring an advisor of their choice to any meetings who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney.

At the conclusion of the mediation, the facilitator will memorialize the agreement that was reached between the Parties. The Title IX Office will monitor adherence to the proposed solution and close the matter when compliance is satisfactory.

## **XI. Retaliation**

When Purchase has information about conduct that reasonably may constitute Retaliation under Title IX or its Grievance Procedure, Purchase is obligated to initiate its Grievance Procedure

Purchase will keep the identity of any individual who has made a report or Complaint of sex discrimination confidential, including the identity of any individual who has made a report or filed a Complaint of Sex-Based Harassment or sex discrimination under Purchase's Title IX Grievance Procedure, any Complainant, any individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of sex discrimination, any Respondent, and any witness, except as permitted by the FERPA statute, 20 U.S.C. 1232g, or FERPA regulations, 34 CFR part 99, or as required by law, or to carry out the purposes of 34 CFR part 106, including the conduct of any investigation, hearing, or judicial proceeding under Purchase's Title IX Grievance Procedure.

No person may intimidate, threaten, coerce, or discriminate against any individual for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 or its implementing regulations.

No person may intimidate, threaten, coerce, or discriminate against any individual because the individual has made a report or Complaint, testified, assisted, or participated or refused to participate in any manner in an investigation, proceeding or hearing under Purchase's Grievance Procedure.

Any intimidation, threats, coercion, or discrimination, for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX or its implementing regulations constitutes Retaliation. This includes any charges filed against an individual for Code of Conduct violations that do not involve sex discrimination or Sex-Based Harassment, but that arise from the same facts or circumstances as a report or Complaint of sex discrimination or a report or Complaint of Sex-Based Harassment.

Complaints alleging Retaliation may be filed according to the [grievance procedure](#) for sex discrimination other than sex-based harassment.